UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

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UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, : 15-cr-00081-CBA-5

: U.S. Courthouse - versus -

: Brooklyn, New York

HENRY POVEDA,

also known as "Calvo",

Defendant : January 14, 2016

TRANSCRIPT OF CRIMINAL CAUSE FOR PLEADING BEFORE THE HONORABLE MARILYN D. GO UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

APPEARANCES:

For the Government: Robert L. Capers, Esq.

United States Attorney

BY: Ameet B. Kabrawala, Esq.

Assistant U.S. Attorney 271 Cadman Plaza East Brooklyn, New York 11201

For the Defendant: Mia Eisner-Grynberg, Esq.

Federal Defenders of NY

One Pierrepont Plaza

16th Floor

Brooklyn, NY 11201

Transcriptions Plus II, Inc. Transcription Service:

> 61 Beatrice Avenue West Islip, NY 11729 laferrara44@gmail.com

Proceedings recorded by electronic sound-recording, transcript produced by transcription service

1 THE CLERK: Criminal Cause for Pleading, docket number 15-cr-81, United States of America v. Henry 2 3 Poveda.

Counsel please state your appearances, starting with the government.

MR. KABRAWALA: Good afternoon, your Honor.

Ameet Kabrawala for the United States.

MS. EISNER-GRYNBERG: Fedearl Defenders by Mia Eisner-Grynberg for Henry Poveda, who is to my right.

Good afternoon.

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THE COURT: Good afternoon, counselors. 12 afternoon, Mr. Poveda.

THE DEFENDANT: Good afternoon, your Honor.

THE COURT: Interpreter, could you please state your name for the record?

THE INTERPRETER: Federally certified Spanish interpreter Mario Michelena.

18 (INTERPRETER SWORN)

THE COURT: Ms. Eisner-Grynberg, I understand that your client is prepared to indictment in this matter pursuant to a written plea agreement.

MS. EISNER-GRYNBERG: Yes, that's correct.

THE COURT: Mr. Poveda, as you may know, your case has been assigned to Chief Judge Carol Amon and she's the district judge whether (sic) to accept your

guilty pleas in this case, and she will decide whether to accept your guilty plea and if she does, she will be the judge who will sentence you.

You have the absolute right to have

Judge Amon listen to your plea and if you choose to do

so, that will be without any prejudice to you.

Do you understand?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do.

THE COURT: I understand that Judge Amon has referred your guilty plea to me and I have in my hand a form entitled, "Consent To Proceed Before a United States Magistrate Judge."

Have you had an opportunity to review this consent form with the assistance of an interpreter?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: And have you discussed this consent form with your attorney fully?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Is this your signature on the first signature line in the middle of the page above the word defendant?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Now this form says you consent to having me hear your plea and you do so voluntarily, after full consultation with counsel.

Proceedings 1 Is that correct? 2 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 3 THE COURT: Now as mentioned at the beginning 4 of this proceeding, I understand that you wish to plead 5 guilty to the charge in the indictment and that's the 6 document that sets forth the criminal charge that has 7 been brought against you. 8 Since this court must be certain that you 9 understand the rights and the consequences of your plea, 10 I will ask you certain -- explain certain matters and ask 11 you questions. If I say anything you don't understand, 12 please say so and I will reword. 13 Is that clear? 14 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 15 THE COURT: First, I am going to ask you to 16 take an oath. 17 HENRY POVEDA, 18 called as a witness, having been first duly sworn, 19 was examined and testified as follows: 20 THE CLERK: Please state your name for the 21 record. 22 THE DEFENDANT: Henry Poveda Sabogar (ph.). 23 Thank you. Have a seat. THE CLERK:

oath to tell the truth. Do you understand that if you

THE COURT: Mr. Poveda, you have just taken an

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Proceedings
   answer any of my questions falsely, your answers could
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   later be used against you in another criminal prosecution
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   for perjury or for making a false statement?
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.
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              THE COURT: How old are you?
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              THE DEFENDANT:
                              49 years old.
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              THE COURT: What schooling or education have
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   you had?
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              THE DEFENDANT: College Education, Systems
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   Engineering.
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              THE COURT: Have you had any difficulty with
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   your lawyer either directly or through an interpreter?
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              THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Ms. Grynberg, have you had any
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   problems communicating with your client?
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              MS. EISNER-GRYNBERG: No, none.
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              THE COURT: Mr. Poveda, are you presently or
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   have you recently been under the care of a doctor or a
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   psychiatrist?
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              THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Have you ever been hospitalized or
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   treated for any mental illness or for addiction to drugs,
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   alcohol, or any other substance?
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              THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor, never.
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              THE COURT: In the past 24 hours, have you
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- 1 | taken any drugs, pills or medicine of any kind?
- THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor.
- THE COURT: Have you drunk any alcoholic
- 4 | beverages?
- 5 THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor.
- 6 THE COURT: Is your mind clear today?
- 7 THE DEFENDANT: Completely, your Honor. Yes,
- 8 your Honor.
- 9 THE COURT: And do you understand the nature of
- 10 | these proceedings?
- THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.
- 12 THE COURT: And I note for the record, that Mr.
- 13 Poveda has been quite alert and very responsive to my
- 14 questions.
- Ms. Grynberg, have you discussed the question
- 16 of a guilty plea with your client?
- MS. EISNER-GRYNBERG: Yes, I have.
- 18 THE COURT: In your view, does he understand
- 19 the rights he would be waiving by pleading guilty?
- MS. EISNER-GRYNBERG: Yes, he does.
- 21 THE COURT: Is he capable of understanding the
- 22 | nature of these proceedings?
- 23 MS. EISNER-GRYNBERG: Yes, he is.
- 24 THE COURT: Do you have any doubts as to his
- 25 | competency to proceed today?

1 MS. EISNER-GRYNBERG: I have no doubts.
2 THE COURT: Have you advised him of the

penalties that can be imposed and discussed the applicable sentencing considerations, including the sentencing guidelines?

MS. EISNER-GRYNBERG: Yes, I have.

THE COURT: Mr. Poveda, have you had a full opportunity to discuss your case with your attorney?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Are you satisfied with your attorney and the assistance she's given you thus far in this matter?

THE DEFENDANT: Very satisfied, your Honor.

THE COURT: I am holding in my hand a copy of the indictment. As I've said, this is the document that sets forth the criminal charge that has been brought against you and various other individuals, and thus far, there are two other individuals disclosed in the indictment of this matter. The indictment bears the docket number 15-cr-81.

This indictment contains introductory

paragraphs discussing money laundering operations used by

drug trafficking organizations and specifically, it

discusses the black market peso exchange and it discusses

means in which a black market peso exchange broker will

offer to importers in South America, an opportunity to pay a debt owed to a foreign exporter at a significant discount.

And through the various means further described in the prefatory paragraphs, the indictment discusses how a black market peso exchange broker can assist in the laundering of proceeds -- narcotics proceeds.

Have you discussed those allegations in the introduction of the indictment with your attorney?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: And specifically, the indictment describes what is an operation called "The Guangzhou Enterprise," that is alleged to have laundered billions of United States dollars derived from narcotics trafficking and it described that The Guangzhou Enterprise typically arranges to pay Colombia pesos to drug traffickers in exchange for the U.S. dollars of the drug traffickers.

And it further describes the measures taken by The Guangzhou Enterprise to help purchase and ship goods from China to Colombia and elsewhere. And in paragraph 11 of the prefatory introductory paragraphs, it states that you and two other named individuals, as well as various other individuals whose names are not disclosed, were the leaders of The Guangzhou Enterprise.

Now the indictment sets forth one count which is a -- and that charge is a conspiracy to launder money and the conspiracy to alleged to have operated between January 1st, 2004 and December 31st, 2014 and the conspiracy is a money laundering conspiracy and it describes three types of activities undertaken to launder money. And one activity -- the first activity described is to conduct one or more financial transactions, which affect interstate commerce and the transactions are alleged to involve the proceeds of narcotics trafficking.

And with respect to this activity, it's alleged that the named defendants, including you, knew that the property involved with the transactions represented the proceeds of unlawful activity and that you engaged in this money laundering conspiracy with the intent to promote the carrying on of the unspecified unlawful activity and you know that the transactions were designed to disguise the nature, location, the source, ownership and control of the proceeds of the unlawful activity, contrary to the United States Code.

Do you understand that charge?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: And the second type of money laundering activity that's alleged and again, that activity was alleged to be conducted with the intent to

promote the unlawful activity with the knowledge that the activity represented proceeds of unlawful activity and were designed to disguise this -- transactions involved, the sources.

Now the second activity that was part of this money laundering conspiracy was -- involved the transport, transmission, and transfer of monetary instruments and funds from the United States to one or more places outside the United States and specifically, Hong Kong and China.

And as I said, this was done with the intent to carry on the narcotics trafficking conspiracy and that it was done with the knowledge that the monetary instruments and funds represented proceeds of the unlawful activity and the transactions involved were designed to avoid transaction reporting requirements under federal law.

Do you understand that charge regarding the transportation and transmission of monetary instruments of funds?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: And the third type of unlawful money laundering activity is alleged to consist of one or more financial transactions involving the transfer and delivery of United States currency which involved property representing the proceeds of unlawful activity.

And specifically again, narcotics trafficking and you're alleged to have done so with the intent to promote the carrying on of the activity and knew that the transactions were designed to conceal and disguise the location, source, ownership and control of the proceeds involved.

Do you understand that conduct?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: And as I said, the charge involves a conspiracy and I just want you to know that a conspiracy is an agreement to commit an unlawful act. The three activities in which proceeds of narcotics trafficking are alleged to have been laundered were the object of the conspiracy and you're alleged to have knowingly entered into this conspiracy with various other individuals.

So do you understand the total conspiracy charge against you involving the different types of money laundering?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Then I will describe to you your right to a trial and what rights you would be waiving by pleading guilty to the charge in the indictment.

The first and most important thing you must understand is that you have a right to plead not guilty

to the charge and to persist in your plea.

Under the Constitution and laws of the United States, you would then have a right to a speedy and public trial before a jury with the assistance of your attorney and if you cannot afford an attorney, the Court will appoint one for you, as has happened in this case.

Under our laws, you are presumed to be innocent and would not have to prove that you were innocent. At trial, the burden would be on the government to prove beyond a reasonable doubt that you are guilty of the crime charged.

In order to prove you guilty of the crime charged, the government would have to prove beyond a reasonable doubt, each and every element of the charge. So, the government would have to prove that you entered into a conspiracy, that you did so on the dates alleged, you did so knowingly, and that the conspiracy involved the three types of activities that I described earlier. And each part of that charge has to be proven beyond a reasonable doubt. If the government fails to present sufficient evidence, the jury would have the duty to find you not guilty.

Do you understand?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: In the course of a trial, witnesses

for the government would have to come to court and testify in your presence. Your lawyer would have the right to cross-examine these witnesses and to object to other evidence offered by the government. You also have the right to offer testimony and other evidence in your behalf and to compel the attendance of witnesses.

Do you understand?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Although you have the right to testify at a trial, you cannot be compelled to testify and incriminate yourself. If you decided not to testify, the Court would instruct the jury they could not hold that against you.

Do you understand?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: If you plead guilty, I will ask you questions about what you did in order to satisfy myself that you are guilty of the charge to which you seek to plead guilty. And you'll have to answer my questions and acknowledge your guilt.

Thus, you'll be giving up the right that I've just described; that is, the right not to say anything that would show you're guilty of the crime with which you're charged.

Do you understand?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: If you plead guilty and the Court

accepts your guilty plea, you'll be giving up your right

to a trial and all the other rights I've just discussed.

There will be no trial and the Court will simply enter a

Do you understand?

judgment of guilty based on your plea.

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THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Are you willing to give up your right to a trial and the other rights I've discussed with you?

12 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: I understand that you've entered into a written agreement with respect to your guilty plea. And I have a plea agreement, an eleven-page plea agreement that has been marked Court Exhibit 1. I would like you to take a look at Court Exhibit 1.

Have you had the opportunity to read this plea agreement in its entirety with the assistance of an interpreter?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Is that your signature on page 11 of the agreement?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Did you discuss this agreement

1 | fully with Ms. Grynberg, your attorney?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: This agreement provides that you will plead guilty to the one count indictment of this matter. It sets forth various sentencing considerations, as well as other terms with respect to your plea and the charge.

Do you understand each and every provision of this written agreement?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Does the plea agreement as written, fully and accurately reflect your understanding of the agreement that you've entered into with the government?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Other than the promises contained in this written agreement, has anyone made any other promises that have caused you to plead guilty?

THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: Has anyone made any promises as to what your sentence will be?

THE DEFENDANT: No, not at all.

THE COURT: Then I would like you to discuss the -- discuss with you the consequences of pleading guilty. The statute you're accused of violating in the indictment provides for a term of imprisonment from zero

1 to twenty years.

In determining what sentence to impose within the statutory range, Judge Amon will consider the guidelines issued by the United States Sentencing Commission and the other factors specified by Section 3553(a) of the United States Criminal Code in determining whether to impose a sentence within the guideline range.

The other factors she will consider include the nature and circumstances of the crime committed, your characteristics and criminal history and the public interest in your sentence.

Prior to sentencing, the Court will receive a presentence report containing information about these factors and the guidelines. You and your lawyer will have the opportunity to see that report and to speak on your behalf at sentencing.

Do you understand?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Have you and your attorney talked about how the sentencing guidelines might apply in this case?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Now under the plea agreement, you have agreed that your guidelines sentence should be calculated based on laundered funds -- based on the value

of laundered funds equal to \$8 million.

And you have stipulated that you knew or believed that the laundered funds were the proceeds of or were intended to promote an offense involving the manufacture, importation, or distribution of a controlled substance.

And you have also stipulated that you agreed that you were in the business of laundering funds. And by making these agreements in the plea agreement you signed, these stipulations will be important considerations in the calculation of your guidelines range.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: And you have specifically waived your right to a jury trial or Fatico hearing on any of these issues.

Now as the plea agreement makes clear, the sentencing guidelines are advisory. However, Judge Amon will consider the guidelines. So, I am going to ask the attorneys here to give me their best estimate of the likely guideline range.

MR. KABRAWALA: Your Honor, the government presently estimates that the defendant's advisory guidelines range would effectively be 240 months which is

the statutory maximum penalty authorized under Title 18 USC 1956. And so, that is the government's estimate at this time.

MS. EISNER-GRYNBERG: I agree with the calculation.

estimates and sometimes even though the attorneys agree at a plea, the actual guidelines range calculation by the Court may be different since the estimates -- the basis for the estimates might change if new facts are obtained or they could simply be wrong.

Until a presentence report is prepared and the Court hears from you, your lawyer and the government attorney at sentencing, we will not know with certainty what the guidelines will be nor will we know whether there will be grounds for the Court to depart from them or whether the Court will impose a non-guideline sentence.

Do you understand?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: The only thing that's clear is any sentence that's imposed on you will be subject to the statutory maximum of twenty years.

Now in addition -- I want you to understand that at sentencing, any recommendation made by you or

your attorney, even if it's not opposed by the government is simply a recommendation and could be rejected by the Court.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: So if your sentence is higher than recommended or expected by you, you will not be able to withdraw your guilty plea.

Is that clear?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

will be sentenced to supervised release. Supervised release means that after you're released from prison there may be many restrictions placed on your liberty such as travel limitations, reporting requirements to a probation officer, prohibitions on carrying guns and the like. And if you are removed from the United States as is further discussed in your plea agreement, a condition of supervised release could be that you not reenter the United States.

Do you understand the nature of supervised release?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: The applicable statutes provide that you could be subject to a supervised release term of

1 up to five years.

What's important to keep in mind is that if you violate the conditions of supervised release, you could be returned to prison for up to three years even if the violation occurs close to the end of the supervised period. That means that if you don't follow the conditions of supervised release, your prison term could be substantially lengthened.

Do you understand?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: You could also be subject to a monetary fine of up to \$500,000 or twice the value of the property involved in the money laundering transactions.

Do you have an estimate on that amount?

MR. KABRAWALA: At this time, Judge, the government would estimate conservatively, that a fine under that scheme would be twice the amount of the stipulated --

THE COURT: Forfeiture?

MR. KABRAWALA: -- forfeiture amount which would be \$16 million.

THE COURT: Okay.

Now we'll then discuss that forfeiture is a consequences of pleading guilty and as set forth in paragraphs 6 through 13 of your plea agreement, you have

agreed to entry of a forfeiture money judgment of \$8 million. And in the agreement, you have agreed to make payment by sentencing and if you don't pay that amount, interest could accrue on that amount. That amount is an amount that will be imposed upon you jointly and severally together with any monetary judgments imposed against any other co-conspirator.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: And you've made other promises with respect to the forfeiture money judgment including your waiving your right to requisite notice and assisting in the collection of the forfeiture money judgment.

Now in addition to the forfeiture money judgment, you will have to pay a \$100 special assessment.

Now as I mentioned earlier, you will be subject to removal as discussed more fully in paragraph 19 of your agreement and you have acknowledged in that paragraph that there will be serious immigration consequences as a result of a conviction for the charge in the indictment if you're not a citizen of the United States.

And you have agreed that you have acknowledged that by pleading guilty to the charge in the indictment, you will be subject to removal because it is

presumptively mandatory.
Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: And I want you to understand that if you're removed from the United States, you will be denied any efforts to apply for citizenship or readmission to the United States in the future.

If after you're sentenced, you or your attorney think that the Court has not followed the law in sentencing you, you ordinarily have the right to appeal your sentence to a higher court. However, under the plea agreement you signed, you have substantially limited your right of appeal and agreed not to file any appeal or otherwise challenge your conviction if the Court sentences you to a term of imprisonment of 240 months or less.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Do you have any questions you would like to ask me about the charge, your rights or anything else relating to this matter?

THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: Is everything clear to you?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Ms. Grynberg, do you know of any

1 reason why your client should not enter a plea of guilty 2 to the charge?

MS. EISNER-GRYNBERG: No.

THE COURT: Are you aware of any viable legal

5 defense?

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MS. EISNER-GRYNBERG: No.

THE COURT: Mr. Poveda, are you ready to plead?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: How do you plead to the charge

10 | contained in the indictment, guilty or not guilty?

11 THE DEFENDANT: Guilty, your Honor.

12 THE COURT: Are you making your plea of guilty

13 voluntarily and of your own free will?

14 THE DEFENDANT: Voluntarily, your Honor.

THE COURT: Has anyone threatened or forced you

16 to plead guilty?

17 THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor.

18 THE COURT: Other than the written agreement

19 marked Court Exhibit 1 that we discussed earlier, has

20 anyone made you any promise that caused you to plead

21 quilty?

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THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: Has anyone made you any promise

24 about the sentence you will receive?

THE DEFENDANT: Not at all, your Honor.

THE COURT: Then I would like you to describe briefly what you did in connection with the crime charged in the indictment.

THE DEFENDANT: Good afternoon, your Honor.

I am guilty of cooperating in this money laundering for this money that was received from drug trafficking. I knew that it was money that was coming from drug trafficking. And I helped out, to carry these instructions from the moment I received the money until my boss got paid.

THE COURT: And as a result, what did you do in connection to your laundering the money? Did you engage in certain in certain financial transactions?

THE DEFENDANT: I helped providing certain bank accounts in order to launder the money and help also given the proceeds in cash to the clients and then the clients would send some merchandise down to Colombia.

THE COURT: And you said you provided bank accounts for the deposit of the proceeds of narcotics activity?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: And you also said that you provided cash that would be transported.

THE DEFENDANT: Excuse me?

THE COURT: Did you provide cash or currency?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 1 2 THE COURT: In connection with -- that 3 represented proceeds of narcotics trafficking? 4 THE DEFENDANT: That's right, your Honor. 5 THE COURT: And then what happened to those 6 proceeds? 7 I would receive it. THE DEFENDANT: I would 8 sell it to the people who were traveling to China and 9 then pay for it in Colombia. THE COURT: And when did these activities take 10 11 place? 12 THE DEFENDANT: 2003, the last three years. 13 MR. KABRAWALA: Could the Court clarify? 14 THE COURT: Did these money laundering 15 activities occur between January 1st, 2004 and December 16 31st, 2014? 17 That's right, your Honor. THE DEFENDANT: 18 THE COURT: And did you know that the 19 transactions that you've described were designed in whole 20 or in part to conceal and disguise the nature of the 21 proceeds or -- that is to disguise the fact that the 22 proceeds -- the cash involved were proceeds of narcotics trafficking activity? 23 24 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor, I was aware of 25 that.

THE COURT: And you had mentioned you engaged in these transactions with somebody else?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. I participated because my duty was to give the money to the owner of this money in Colombia. I was responsible for that.

THE COURT: Okay. And I will ask Mr. Kabrawala to explain the connection to this district.

MR. KABRAWALA: Sure. First off, Judge, we believe that the Court has satisfied all the elements of the offense of money laundering conspiracy. The government would prove at trial that the defendant permitted or actually gave access to one of his many bank accounts in Hong Kong and that among other transactions, there was one in particular that was represented to be drug proceeds and those drug proceeds actually were deposited into a bank account in Brooklyn.

I should say that the monies represented to be drug proceeds were deposited into a bank account in Brooklyn and that -- those drug proceeds were wire transferred from that bank account in Brooklyn to a bank account that Mr. Poveda had given to co-conspirators to conceal or disguise drug proceeds.

THE COURT: Did you understand what Mr.

25 Kabrawala described?

	Proceedings
1	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.
2	THE COURT: Is that correct?
3	THE DEFENDANT: Your Honor, I was aware that
4	the money was illegal money and that it came from drugs
5	but in terms of where exactly from, I wasn't sure.
6	THE COURT: Okay.
7	MR. KABRAWALA: That's satisfactory.
8	THE COURT: That's fine. Okay.
9	MR. KABRAWALA: And I will take it the defense
10	does not object does not contest the government's
11	proffer, what it would be able to prove as to venue,
12	which of course is not an element of the mens rea.
13	MS. EISNER-GRYNBERG: No objection.
14	THE COURT: Do you understand what was just
15	said?
16	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, that's right, your Honor.
17	THE COURT: Okay. Then based on the
18	information given to me, I find that Mr. Poveda is acting
19	voluntarily, that he fully understands the charge, his
20	rights and the consequences of his plea and that there is
21	a factual basis for his plea.
22	I, therefore, recommend to Judge Amon to accept
23	Mr. Poveda's plea of guilty to the charge in the
24	indictment.
25	Has there been a sentencing date set?

	rroccdings
1	THE CLERK: Chief Judge Amon sets May 5th at 10
2	o'clock for sentencing. She also sets the following
3	deadline: The presentence investigation report is to be
4	disclosed by April 7th, 2016. Defendant's sentencing
5	submission will be due April 21st, 2016. The
6	government's response will be due April 28th, 2016.
7	THE COURT: Okay.
8	MR. KABRAWALA: Thank you, Judge.
9	MS. EISNER-GRYNBERG: Thank you.
LO	THE DEFENDANT: Thank you, your Honor.
11	THE COURT: Thank you.
12	(Matter concluded)
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CERTIFICATE

I, LINDA FERRARA, hereby certify that the foregoing transcript of the said proceedings is a true and accurate transcript from the electronic sound-recording of the proceedings reduced to typewriting in the above-entitled matter.

I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative or employee or attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor a relative or employee of such attorney or counsel, or financially interested directly or indirectly in this action.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I hereunto set my hand this 19th day of April, 2016.

*L*inda Ferrara

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